CHAMBERS GUIDELINES

Hon. John E. Waites, Judge United States Bankruptcy Court

Chambers Contact Information			
Telephone Numbers	843-727-4112 (Charleston) 803-253-3751 (Columbia)		
Fax Numbers 843-727-4720 (Charleston) 803-253-3464 (Columbia)			
Law Clerks	Sarah Kistler (<u>Sarah_Kistler@scb.uscourts.gov</u>) (Columbia) Kayce Seifert (<u>Kayce_Seifert@scb.uscourts.gov</u>) (Charleston)		
Courtroom Deputy	Agnes Babb (<u>Agnes_Babb@scb.uscourts.gov</u>) (Charleston/Columbia)		
Preferred Communication Method	For hearing related matters, e-mail <u>judgewaites_hearings@scb.uscourts.gov</u> . For all other matters, e-mail law clerks directly.		

Proposed Orders: File on CM/ECF unless otherwise advised. All proposed orders should include a cover page¹ and must clearly set forth the grounds and contain findings that justify the entry of the order. A proposed order should <u>not</u> merely refer to or approve the application/motion. Orders due after court hearings should be filed within 10 days of the hearing.

Joint Statements of Dispute: File on CM/ECF by the following deadlines:

- Chapter 13 matters 10:00 a.m. one (1) business day before the hearing.
- Matters in cases of all other chapters 10:00 a.m. two (2) business days before the hearing.

Deadline to request continuance or notify Court of settlement or withdrawal in order to remove a matter from the hearing calendar: 10:00 a.m. two (2) business days before the hearing.

Self Scheduled Hearings: To determine if a matter should be self-scheduled, consult lists provided in <u>SC LBR 9013-4</u> and the Court Calendar available <u>here</u>.

To determine whether a Chapter 13 matter is to be scheduled on the consent or dispute calendar, consult <u>Exhibit B</u> to these guidelines.

¹

The cover page expedites the signing of the large volume of orders received by the Judge.

INDEX		
Continuances, Settlements, & Withdrawals <u>3</u>		
Joint Statements of Dispute		
Chapter 13 Procedures		
Stay Relief Procedures		
Mortgage Loan Modification		
Exhibits in Adversaries and Contested Matters		
Adversary Proceedings <u>17</u>		
Requests for Emergency Relief		
Telephone/Videoconference Participation in Hearings		
Judicial Lien Avoidance Instructions		
Exhibit A (Joint Statement of Dispute)		
Exhibit B (List of Matters for Scheduling in Chapter 13 Cases)		
Exhibit C (Order granting relief from stay in Chapter 13 case based upon a failure to object to motion for relief from stay)		
Exhibit D (Settlement order for a motion for relief from stay based upon a post petition default in payment pursuant to a plan in a Chapter 13 case)		
Exhibit E (Order granting relief from stay in Chapter 13 case based upon failure to comply with settlement order)		
Exhibit F (Settlement order for a motion for relief from stay based upon a post petition default in payment where equity/value exists above Movant's lien		
Exhibit G (Settlement order granting relief from the automatic stay to continue or pursue an action in family court)		
Exhibit H (Notice & Motion for Loss Mitigation/Mediation) <u>34</u>		
Exhibit I (Order Requiring Loss Mitigation/Mediation)		
Exhibit J (Mortgage Loan Modification Report)		

2

CONTINUANCES, SETTLEMENTS, & WITHDRAWALS

This section applies to all matters on the Judge's docket, with the exception of adversary proceedings, which are governed by separate sections below. In order to be timely considered by the Judge, requests for continuances, notifications of settlement, or withdrawals must be filed on CM/ECF by <u>no later than 10:00 a.m. two business days prior to the date of the hearing</u>.² Absent removal of the matter from the court calendar, all counsel and parties shall attend.

I. Continuances

Continuances may be timely requested using the *Request for Continuance* text event on CM/ECF (if all responding parties consent) or by filing a motion for continuance along with a separate calendar removal request (if unable to obtain consents of all responding parties). Prior to making a continuance request in chapter 13 matters, the chapter 13 trustee should be consulted.³

Continuances are not effective until granted by court order.⁴

II. Settlements

The settlement of a matter scheduled for hearing should be promptly reported to chambers using the *Notification of Settlement and Request for Removal from Court Hearing Calendar* text event on CM/ECF; or where applicable, by filing a notice and application for settlement pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4001(d) or 9019, and a calendar removal request.

III. Withdrawals

Withdrawals of any filing upon which a hearing has been set should be filed on CM/ECF using the *Withdrawal from the Court Calendar* text event. When prompted by the text event, the party filing the withdrawal must specify the reason for withdrawal, including, but not limited to, the debtor's agreement to file an amended plan or the parties' agreement to enter into a consent order or take other action.

² Extraordinary circumstances such as illness or family emergency will also be considered to obtain a continuance after the deadline.

³ For some matters relating to confirmation, the Trustee may announce the continuance on the record during the hearing and the matter will not be removed from the calendar in advance.

⁴ With regard to motions to dismiss or convert pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1112, a request for a continuance by the movant or consent to a continuance by the movant shall be deemed a waiver of the scheduling and ruling deadlines imposed by 11 U.S.C. § 1112(b)(3) and the rules.

JOINT STATEMENTS OF DISPUTE

If a matter set for hearing is contested, the parties should file a Joint Statement of Dispute by the applicable deadline, using the form attached as $\underline{\text{Exhibit A}}$.⁵ If the pleadings clearly set forth all issues to be decided by the Court and the statutory, case law or other applicable authority, the parties may simply reference the pleadings in those sections of the Joint Statement of Dispute and complete the other sections.

Parties and counsel submitting a Joint Statement of Dispute may not reserve the right to materially alter or supplement the Joint Statement of Dispute, shall be bound to the position and disclosures provided therein, and shall be presumed ready for a hearing upon reasonable notice at any time after the submission of the Statement of Dispute. Representations made in a Joint Statement of Dispute shall be considered binding on the parties. Counsel should be prepared to discuss the Statement and the affected proceeding with the Court at any time after its submission.

If parties cannot agree to a Joint Statement of Dispute, separate Statements shall be submitted to the Court by the same deadline and served upon opposing counsel via e-mail, telefax, or hand delivery.

The failure by any party/counsel to timely submit a Joint Statement of Dispute which is complete and submitted in good faith, to timely and fully consult with the Trustee or opposing party/counsel, or to be reasonably available for discussion with the Court may be deemed a failure to prosecute which may result in dismissal or denial of the party's position, pleading, or plan of reorganization or may result in other sanctions pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 9011, 11 U.S.C. § 105, 28 U.S.C. § 1927, or the inherent authority of the Court.

If a matter is settled after the filing of a Joint Statement of Dispute, counsel should advise chambers immediately by e-mail to <u>judgewaites_hearings@scb.uscourts.gov</u> with copy to all participating counsel.

Deadlines to submit proposed Joint Statements of Dispute:

- Chapter 13 matters 10:00 a.m. one (1) business day before the hearing.
- Matters in cases of all other chapters 10:00 a.m. two (2) business days before the hearing.

5

The form used by the Judge is new and differs from the form provided in the Local Rules.

CHAPTER 13 PROCEDURES

The following procedures⁶ for chapter 13 matters apply to cases assigned to the Judge.⁷

I. Local Rule 3015-4 Compliance

Upon the failure to timely provide to the chapter 13 trustee (the "Trustee") the information required by Local Rule 3015-4, the Trustee shall report such deficiency to the Court at the confirmation hearing and advise counsel for the debtor(s) by no later than **10:00 a.m. two business days prior to the confirmation hearing** if a dismissal based on that failure will be requested at the hearing.

II. Duty to Consult

In order to comply with Bankruptcy Rule 9014(e), the Trustee, parties, and counsel who have a chapter 13 matter scheduled for hearing before the Court shall have a duty to timely consult with each other regarding the matter and discuss settlement possibilities or stipulations.

III. Chapter 13 Calendar

The calendar for hearing chapter 13 case matters before the Judge is divided into two calendaring types: a consent calendar and a dispute calendar.⁸ The type of case matter to be scheduled for each calendar is identified on Exhibit B and shall be scheduled accordingly by the Court and parties. Matters which are incorrectly scheduled may be stricken, determined, rescheduled or continued without notice as necessary by the Court or in the interests of justice.

A. Consent Calendar

- **1. Definition of Consent Matter.** Matters for the chapter 13 consent calendar are matters that are frequently uncontested or otherwise resolved.
- 2. General Procedures & Role of the Trustee. Chapter 13 consent calendars may be conducted in court by the Trustee. Prior to the chapter 13 consent calendar, in a matter regarding confirmation, the Trustee shall provide notice of deficiencies in a debtor's plan of reorganization (the "Plan").⁹ In conducting the chapter 13 consent calendar, the Trustee shall address each scheduled matter and report the Trustee's recommendations to the Court. In doing so, the Trustee may discuss Plan deficiencies and objections by parties in interest, examine debtors or other witnesses, identify

⁶ These procedures **do not** govern the hearing of motions for relief from the automatic stay.

⁷ The goal of these procedures is to reduce unnecessary attendance and wait time at hearings for the bar and parties, allow compliance with Fed. R. Bankr. P. 9014(e), provide parties with further opportunity to settle matters or prepare arguments, and assist the Judge in preparing for significant issues not highlighted by the pleadings through research and review.

⁸ Consent and dispute calendars may be held on the same date, but may be scheduled at different times.

⁹ Trustees typically provide written notice of deficiencies in a debtor's plan of reorganization at a debtor's 11 U.S.C. § 341 meeting of creditors and, if developments require, several days in advance of the hearing on confirmation of a debtor's plan of reorganization.

other information needed for case administration, and report settled and disputed matters. Counsel or parties may also make statements on the record. The Court or Trustee may announce further hearing dates and times for continued matters or matters deemed in dispute. If a new hearing date is announced without objection, all counsel and parties will be presumed to agree to the date and time and no later conflicts will be accepted. Settlements, Trustee recommendations, and other agreed upon dispositions shall be recorded and considered by the Judge.

- **3.** Attendance. In most instances, unless otherwise advised, the Judge does not require the attendance of debtor(s) or witnesses at a hearing on the Chapter 13 consent calendar. However, the Judge requires attendance by debtor(s) and counsel in the following circumstances:
 - a. If debtor(s) file an amended plan, amended schedules or statements, or a claims objection within 3 business days prior to a confirmation hearing, which materially affects the confirmation hearing, unless the filing or amended document resolves all objections and the Trustee has affirmatively excused the attendance.
 - b. There is an outstanding objection and the Trustee has not agreed to carry the matter over or excused attendance in accordance with the Joint Statement of Dispute procedures (set forth <u>here</u>). Counsel for the objecting parties and necessary witnesses would also be expected to attend.
 - c. A case in which the Trustee has provided notice that a request to dismiss the case will be made at the confirmation hearing pursuant to Local Rule 1017-2(a).

In all other circumstances, debtor(s)' attendance may be required by the Trustee in order for the Trustee to obtain relevant information and make recommendations to the Court. Accordingly, **it is the responsibility of debtor(s), objecting parties, and counsel to inquire with the Trustee as to the need for attendance**.¹⁰ If counsel has informed the Trustee of a resolution of a matter and the Trustee has agreed, the Trustee may report a resolution on the record and excuse counsel's attendance. The failure to attend by counsel or parties when not otherwise excused shall be reported to the Court by the Trustee and may be deemed a failure to prosecute.

4. Calendar Removal.

Continuances for Matters Identified as Being Contested – Joint Statement of Dispute Procedure. If any matter scheduled on the consent calendar is identified as being contested or requiring the presentation of testimony or other evidence or oral argument to the Judge, a Joint Statement of Dispute shall be filed in accordance with the Joint Statement of Dispute procedures set forth here. The same duty to consult

¹⁰ To assist the bar, Trustees may develop, implement, and publish standard rules and procedures governing attendance by debtors at hearings scheduled on the consent calendar.

applies with respect to disputed matters involving the Trustee. In the event that the Trustee is a litigant to a disputed matter, unless excused, the Trustee shall also bear a duty to submit a Joint Statement of Dispute, except as to issues raised by the Chapter 13 Trustee in writing regarding compliance with 11 U.S.C. §§ 1322 and 1325.

If counsel and the Trustee have agreed to a continuance prior to the filing of a Joint Statement of Dispute or all counsel have requested a later hearing date in the Joint Statement of Dispute, the Trustee in his or her discretion may excuse attendance of counsel and the parties and may announce at the hearing a continuance of up to 30 days. If no Joint Statement of Dispute has been filed, the Trustee may extend the time for filing of a Joint Statement of Dispute to a time no later than 10:00 a.m. on the day before the continued hearing. If a continuance of more than 30 days is needed, a continuance request must be made in accordance with the procedures set forth in the <u>Continuances, Settlements & Withdrawals</u> section.

Upon failure to file a Joint Statement of Dispute or if the Trustee does not consent to a continuance, <u>all counsel for the parties to the dispute shall appear at the hearing</u> <u>on the consent calendar</u>. Counsel should be prepared on the issues and the law. A hearing will be held by the Judge and treated as a preliminary hearing unless otherwise indicated in advance by the Court.

B. DISPUTE CALENDAR

- 1. **Definition of Disputed Matter.** Disputed matters are matters which by their nature are likely to require the presentation of testimony or other evidence or argument before the Judge. A list of matters that are to be originally scheduled for a hearing on the dispute calendar is provided in Exhibit B.
- 2. General Procedures. Parties and counsel should be fully prepared to proceed with a dispositive hearing on matters originally scheduled on the dispute calendar unless the matter is removed by the Court upon a continuance, report of settlement, or withdrawal as stated below or unless counsel are otherwise advised by the Court. In a disputed matter, parties and counsel shall have the duty, in advance of the hearing, to consult and define the issues to be decided by the Court, disclose the witnesses to be called at the hearing, timely exchange any evidence to be presented to the Court, enter into stipulations which may assist the Court at the hearing, and estimate the time needed for hearing.¹¹
- **3.** Attendance. Counsel, necessary witnesses, and parties are expected to appear for a matter originally scheduled on the dispute calendar, unless the matter is removed from the calendar pursuant to the procedures set forth below.

¹¹ For matters expected to take more than 1 hour, counsel should promptly advise chambers by e-mail to eliminate unnecessary wait time.

- 4. Calendar Removal. For guidelines regarding reporting settlements, filing withdrawals, or requesting continuances of disputed matters for purposes of calendar removal, see the <u>Continuances, Settlements, & Withdrawals</u> section.
- 5. Filing of a Joint Statement of Dispute. If the parties expect to present testimony or evidence (the admission of which has not been stipulated) or if all parties' pleadings do not clearly set forth all of the grounds for the dispute, a Joint Statement of Dispute must be filed in accordance with the procedures set forth <u>here</u>. However, a Joint Statement of Dispute is **not** required prior to the hearing if the hearing is limited to oral argument by counsel and if the issues are clearly set forth in the pleadings.¹²

IV. Requirement for Confirmation

As a condition to confirmation of a chapter 13 plan, the debtor(s) shall represent by filing a Debtor's Statement in Support of Confirmation via the Plan (by the addition of nonconforming language) or via CM/ECF, which indicates that they understand the following:

- (1) The obligations set forth in the plan, including the amount, method, and timing of payments made to the Trustee or directly to creditors;
- (2) The consequences of any default under the Plan;
- (3) That debtor(s) may not agree to sell or sell property, employ professionals, or incur debt (including modification of debt) during the term of the Plan without the advance authorization of the Bankruptcy Court.

The Trustee shall not recommend confirmation without ensuring that such Statement has been either included in the Plan or filed on CM/ECF.

V. Expedited Fee Amount

The expedited fee amount for purposes of SC LBR 2016-1(b)(1) is 3,500 for a consumer case and 4,000 for a business case. An additional no-look fee of 1000 is allowed for services provided under the Loss Mitigation/Mediation Program. The supplemental fee amount for purposes of SC LBR 2016-1(b)(2)(A) is 1,200.

¹² For all matters continued from the consent calendar to the dispute calendar as set forth herein, the Court should receive a Joint Statement of Dispute.

STAY RELIEF PROCEDURES

I. Standard Form Orders Regarding Motions for Relief from the Automatic Stay in Chapter 13 Cases

Due to the large volume of settlement orders and other § 362 orders reviewed in chambers, standard form orders have been developed to increase efficiency in the review and processing of these orders. The use of the following form orders relating to motions for relief from the automatic stay will allow for expedited consideration without a hearing:

- 1. Order granting relief from stay in Chapter 13 case based upon a failure to object to motion for relief from stay. See <u>Exhibit C</u>.
- 2. Settlement order for a motion for relief from stay based upon a post petition default in payment pursuant to a plan in a Chapter 13 case. See <u>Exhibit D</u>.
- 3. Order granting relief from stay in Chapter 13 case based upon failure to comply with settlement order. See Exhibit E (to be used in connection with Exhibit D).
- 4. Settlement order for a motion for relief from stay based upon a post petition default in payment where equity/value exists above Movant's lien. See <u>Exhibit F</u>.
- 5. Settlement order granting relief from the automatic stay to continue or pursue an action in family court. See <u>Exhibit G</u>.

II. Settlement Orders Containing Non-Standard Language (Hearing Required).

Parties may include non-standard language in the form Settlement Orders in the section provided or they may draft a settlement order containing non-standard language. Unless otherwise advised, a hearing, attended by counsel for all parties to the settlement, will be required for approval of any non-standard form order or a settlement order containing non-standard language. A settlement order must also comply with the following guidelines:

1. <u>Debtor(s)' Certification</u>. A settlement order must include the following certification by debtor(s)' counsel **at the end of the order**:

Prior to consenting to this settlement order, the payment obligations set forth in this order, including the amounts, method, and timing of payments, and consequences of default were reviewed with and agreed to by the debtor(s) or the party obligated to pay.

<u>(signature of counsel)</u> Attorney for the Debtor(s)

2. <u>Statement of Equity/Value Above Lien.</u> Settlement orders must include a statement of the equity/value in the subject property above the movant's lien according to the parties' certifications of fact. The amount of equity stated should be the total equity or value above the movant's lien in the property without regard to any claimed exemptions or junior liens.

(Example): According to the certification(s) of facts, the value/equity in the subject property above the movant's lien is $\underline{\$}$.

- 3. <u>Ex parte Relief</u>. If a settlement order contains an *ex parte* stay relief provision based upon a failure to make a cure payment or a failure to make a future direct payment, the order must provide that the *ex parte* relief provision shall expire no more than 12 months from the expiration of the cure period. A demonstration of cause at a hearing is required for approval of proposed orders containing longer default periods.
 - a. Any *ex parte* relief provision upon failure to comply with the settlement order shall be stated as follows:

Relief from stay may be provided without further hearing upon the filing of an affidavit of default by the movant and the entry of the proposed order by the Court.

b. In cases where there is significant equity (more than \$5,000.00) in the subject collateral, an *ex parte* relief provision will not be allowed. Instead, the settlement order should provide that in the event of a default, upon the filing of an affidavit of default and request for further hearing by the movant, the Court will set a further hearing to consider relief from stay. Upon default, the movant should use the CM/ECF event, Affidavit of Default and Request for Further 362 Hearing, to file the affidavit of default and request a hearing.

III. *Ex parte* Relief Due to Default on Settlement Order.

An affidavit of default should state that the default occurred within the effective time period for the *ex parte* relief provision included in the settlement order (e.g., within 12 months after the expiration of the cure period) and indicate payments which have not been received since the entry of the settlement order. The affidavit must also include an attachment which demonstrates all direct post petition payments and their application.

IV. Motions to Extend the Automatic Stay

For all motions to extend the automatic stay filed in cases before the Judge, an affidavit of the movant shall be filed supporting such motion, which provides the information necessary to determine whether the requirements of 11 U.S.C. § 362(c)(3) are met. The affidavit must be filed at the same time as the motion to extend the automatic stay. The chapter 13 plan and all schedules must be filed by no later than five (5) business days prior to the scheduled hearing on the motion to extend the automatic stay. The failure to file the chapter 13 plan and all schedules and statements in time for the Trustee's consideration may result in the denial of the motion. The motion may be granted in advance of the hearing if the affidavit is timely submitted, there are no objections by parties in interest, and the Trustee consents to the extension.

HOME MORTGAGE MODIFICATION

Individuals in bankruptcy cases assigned to Judge Waites, including joint debtors, may seek court approval of consensual modifications of home mortgage loans in one or more of the following ways:

- 1. <u>Loss Mitigation/Mediation Program.</u>¹³ The Program provides a court supervised means of communication to assist consideration of loss mitigation/mortgage modification in bankruptcy cases. The procedures for participation in the Loss Mitigation/Mediation Program are as follows:
 - a. Prior to the filing of the Notice and Motion for Loss Mitigation/Mediation, Debtor's Counsel shall:
 - 1. Determine that a mortgage modification is feasible, with the Debtor required to devote 31% of their gross monthly income (or a different amount offered in modification packages by the applicable Home Mortgage Creditor) to repayment of the mortgage, which would include principal + interest + taxes + insurance + assessments;¹⁴ and
 - 2. Use the Court's approved online loss mitigation document preparation program (the "Document Preparation Program") to prepare the standard loan modification forms (the "Debtor's Prepared Package") to expedite the exchange of information between the Debtor and the Home Mortgage Creditor and ensure greater accuracy in the preparation of the required documentation.¹⁵ The Debtor's Prepared Package is completed through www.documods.com.¹⁶
 - b. <u>Chapter 13 cases</u>: Once the steps described above are complete, the Debtor shall serve on the Home Mortgage Creditor, co-borrowers or obligors on the applicable loan, and their counsel, if known, and file with the Court, a Notice and Motion for Loss Mitigation/Mediation according to the form attached as Exhibit H and a proposed order in the form attached as Exhibit I. A Certificate of Service shall be timely filed. For preconfirmation motions, the notice and motion should be served no later than 7 days after the filing of a Chapter 13 plan. If the loss mitigation/mediation process is not likely to conclude before the confirmation hearing, the Debtor should also consider the use of the plan language in paragraph no. 2 (below).
 - c. The applicable Home Mortgage Creditor, co-borrowers, and other obligors shall have 14 days from the date of service of the Notice and Motion to object. In the absence of an objection,

¹³ The term "loss mitigation" is intended to describe the full range of solutions that may avert the loss of a debtor's home to foreclosure, promote communication between parties, and reduce costs; for example, loan modification or refinance, forbearance, short sale or surrender of property in satisfaction of debt.

¹⁴ If the Debtor does not earn sufficient income, Loss Mitigation/Mediation is not likely a viable option.

¹⁵ The online document preparation systems and portal described herein are provided by Default Mitigation Management, LLC ("DMM"). DMM is identified for use due to its experience and reasonable cost (\$40 for each Debtor's Prepared Package and \$25 for the portal submission by each party). Free training on the use of the portal provided by DMM is available to attorneys licensed for practice in this Court and all Home Mortgage Creditors. Registration for portal use can be completed online at <u>https://www.dclmwp.com</u> or by contacting DMM at 1-800-481-1013. The Court may, upon application and review, approve other service providers in which even such providers shall be listed on the Court's website.

¹⁶ Enter **scbkdocs40** for the \$40.00 rate.

the Court may grant, without a hearing, an Order Requiring Loss Mitigation/Mediation (hereinafter, "the Order"). Any objection must state specific reasons verified as accurate by counsel for the objecting party. Upon timely objection, a hearing shall be held on the date identified in the notice and all applicable parties and counsel shall attend.

- d. Debtor's Counsel shall timely serve the Order on affected parties and file a Certificate of Service. Once the Order is issued, all communication between the parties regarding the loss mitigation review should be sent through a secure portal for document exchange DMM provides a secure portal at <u>https://www.dclmwp.com</u> ("Portal"). Following entry of an Order Requiring Loss Mitigation/Mediation, Debtor's Counsel shall register for the Portal.
- e. Within 7 days after entry of the Order, the Home Mortgage Creditor (if not previously registered on the Portal) shall register to use the Portal and ensure that the Portal provider has been provided with any and all application forms and documentation requirements necessary for consideration of Loss Mitigation.¹⁷
- f. Within the later of 14 days after the entry of the Order or 7 days after the Home Mortgage Creditor has registered on the Portal, the Debtor shall:
 - 1. Upload the Debtor's Prepared Package as well any other forms required by the Home Mortgage Creditor to the Portal; and
 - 2. Remit any required fees to DMM or other portal provider.
- g. The Home Mortgage Creditor shall, within 7 days after Debtor's Counsel has submitted the Debtor's Prepared Package and any additional required documentation to the Portal:
 - 1. Acknowledge receipt of the information on the Portal;
 - 2. Provide on the Portal all contact information of the representative in charge of the Debtor's account
 - 3. Assign to the Portal the Home Mortgage Creditor's designated counsel, if any; and
 - 4. Notify Debtor's Counsel of any additional or updated information required to process the application.
- h. The Home Mortgage Creditor shall have a total of 120 days from entry of the Order to respond to the loss mitigation request by advising on all means of Loss Mitigation, including mortgage modification, or verify a denial. This time may be extended without an order of the Court for 60 additional days upon the mutual agreement of the parties **if posted on the Court's docket by Debtor's counsel**.
- i. If necessary, any party may request, or the Court may direct, the *ex parte* appointment of a mediator to facilitate discussions and resolve disputes raised by the parties. Costs for a mediator shall not, without court order, exceed \$300.00 per session, and shall be equally divided and paid in advance of the session by the parties. In the event a mediator is appointed, the mediator shall have 7 days to register to the Portal at no cost. Once registered, Debtor's Counsel shall assign said mediator to the account on the Portal so that said mediator may review the file and have access to the account on the Portal. Each mediation session shall be conducted via telephone on a conference call established by the Debtor, and last no

¹⁷ Failure to timely register will result in a hearing being scheduled to consider sanctions, including attorney's fees.

longer than one hour. The Debtor shall publish the phone number to the Portal not later than 7 days before the scheduled mediation. An expedited hearing may be requested by any party on issues not resolved by mediation.

- j. The Home Mortgage Creditor is obligated to inform the Court, the Debtor, and any participating co-borrower or obligor within 7 days if the loan is sold or securitized to another company during the Loss Mitigation/Mediation process. The transferee or servicer of the loan shall be advised of these requirements by the original Home Mortgage Creditor and shall be bound by all prior orders, agreements, forms, and documentation. The transferee or servicer shall register for the Portal within 7 days and the Home Mortgage Creditor shall transfer the Portal account to the transferee so that transferee may review all previously submitted transmissions and continue with the process.
- k. No later than 180 days after the entry of the Order, the Debtor shall submit a proposed Consent Order Allowing Mortgage Loan Modification for Court approval of any resolution or settlement reached during the loss mitigation or otherwise report to the Court on the loss mitigation process via the Mortgage Loan Modification Report using form attached as Exhibit J.
- 1. Debtor's counsel shall be permitted to charge an attorney's fee for services provided under the Loss Mitigation/Mediation Program. In Chapter 13 cases, a \$1000 fee shall be allowed in addition to the no-look fee established under the guidelines for compensation for professionals.¹⁸ The fee provides additional compensation for all services through the completion of the loss mitigation process and includes:
 - a. Assembling and submitting Debtor's Prepared Package;
 - b. Filing of the Motion for Loss Mitigation/Mediation and proposed Order;
 - c. Filing of other required pleadings and preparation of proposed orders, as applicable;
 - d. Communicating with the Home Mortgage Creditor, co-borrower or obligor, and the Mediator;
 - e. Filing of the proposed Consent Order Allowing Mortgage Loan Modification or a Mortgage Loan Modification Report.

The fee may be charged upon the filing of the Consent Order Allowing Mortgage Loan Modification or a Mortgage Loan Modification Report indicating the final disposition of loss mitigation efforts, and an Attorney Fee Disclosure Statement. Upon submission of a Consent Order Allowing Mortgage Loan Modification or final Mortgage Loan Modification Report, Debtor's counsel certifies that the aforesaid listed services were performed and justify the fee.

2. <u>Within a Chapter 13 plan</u>: A mortgage modification process, in conjunction with a Loss Mitigation/Mediation Motion or otherwise, may be requested through a Chapter 13 Plan, subject to objection, by including the following language:

¹⁸ Alternatively, if seeking additional compensation, an application for supplemental fees may also be submitted according to the guidelines.

a. <u>Option One (The Debtor is capable of making regular contract payments)</u>

No less than 30 days before the first scheduled confirmation hearing, the Debtor will submit a complete application to [Home Mortgage Creditor] seeking a consensual modification of the Debtor's home mortgage loan through the Home Affordable Modification Program (HAMP) or other applicable program. The subject mortgage loan is secured by real property located at:

[Real Property Description]

Beginning on <u>[date]</u>, the Debtor will pay regular contract payments directly to <u>[Home Mortgage Creditor]</u>. The Debtor will be responsible for payment of any arrearage directly to <u>[Home Mortgage Creditor]</u> if not cured through a loan modification process. No payment will be made by the Trustee on this secured claim.

Upon approval of a loan modification, the Debtor shall submit a proposed Consent Order Allowing Mortgage Loan Modification for consideration by the Court. If the loan modification request is denied, the Debtor shall timely file a Mortgage Loan Modification Report indicating that denial with the Court.

b. Option Two (The Debtor is unable to make regular contract payments)

The Debtor is unable to resume regular contract payments to [Home Mortgage Creditor] at this time, and therefore, the Debtor's plan relies upon a consensual home mortgage loan modification.

No less than 30 days before the first scheduled confirmation hearing, the Debtor will submit a complete application to [Home Mortgage Creditor] seeking a consensual modification of the Debtor's home mortgage loan through the Home Affordable Modification Program (HAMP) or other applicable program. The subject mortgage loan is secured by real property located at:

[Real Property Description]

Beginning on [date], the Debtor will commence payments directly to [<u>Home Mortgage</u> <u>Creditor</u>] in an amount equal to the payment called for under the trial period payment plan of the applicable modification program. The Debtor shall timely make any trial period payments required by the application process.

If the mortgage loan modification is approved, the Debtor shall directly pay [creditor]'s allowed mortgage claim, including both prepetition and post petition amounts. No payment will be made by the Trustee on the secured claim. Upon approval of a loan modification, the Debtor shall submit a proposed Consent Order Allowing Mortgage Loan Modification for consideration by the Court. If the loan modification request is denied, the Debtor shall timely file a Mortgage Loan Modification Report indicating that denial with the Court.

In the event that (1) the request for mortgage loan modification (and any necessary documentation) is not submitted or is denied or (2) the Debtor fails to timely make the

above referenced trial period payments, the Home Mortgage Creditor may, after 10 days' notice to the Debtor, Debtor's counsel, and the Trustee, submit an affidavit and proposed order seeking relief from the stay.

3. By Consent Order:

- a. Upon a modification/loss mitigation agreement being reached by the above processes or otherwise, the modification/loss mitigation shall be submitted for approval by way of a proposed Consent Order Allowing Mortgage Loan Modification, which specifies the terms of the modification agreement and provides:
 - 1. That there will be no extension of additional funds beyond what is already owed;
 - 2. That payments to other lien holders under the Plan will not be affected;
 - 3. That the proposed modification has no detrimental effect on other creditors and is believed to be in the best interest of the debtor(s) and the estate;
 - 4. Whether any payments from the Chapter 13 Trustee to the Home Mortgage Creditor whose loan is to be modified will continue or terminate upon entry of the order; and
 - 5. A statement setting forth or attaching a short summary of the specific benefits received as a result of Loss Mitigation or mortgage modification, including deferral or forgiveness of arrearage/debt or change in interest rate, term, or payment amount.
- b. If the modification to the mortgage involves an extension of new funds or credit, a motion to incur debt or obtain credit should also be filed and properly noticed to all creditors and parties in interest.
- c. Dismissal of the bankruptcy case may not be a condition of loss mitigation, including modification of mortgage loan, unless ordered by the Court after consideration at an actual hearing.

Reporting and Events

Reports required by any of the above procedures shall be reported by filing the document attached as Exhibit J, using the CM/ECF event, *Mortgage Loan Modification Report*. The Notice and Motion for Loss Mitigation/Mediation should be filed using the *Notice and Motion for Loss Mitigation/Mediation* event. A proposed Consent Order Allowing Mortgage Loan Modification shall be submitted under the CM/ECF event, *Proposed Consent Order Modifying Mortgage (no motion filed)*.

EXHIBITS IN ADVERSARIES & CONTESTED MATTERS

The original and one bench copy of all paper exhibits and an itemized list of the exhibits are to be submitted to the courtroom deputy prior to the hearing or at the hearing and are <u>not</u> to be filed on CM/ECF.¹⁹ Counsel should also ensure that there are enough copies of the exhibits for all opposing counsel, *pro se* parties, and any witness providing testimony regarding the exhibits. To avoid confusion, the exhibits of the party initiating the matter should be premarked using letters (e.g., Movant's or Plaintiff's Exhibit A, B, C, etc.), and the responding party's exhibits should be premarked using numbers (e.g., Respondent's or Defendant's Exhibit 1, 2, 3, etc.) The parties should exchange exhibits and confer **prior** to the hearing to determine whether they will be able to stipulate to the admission of exhibits set forth in the Joint Statement of Dispute or Joint Pretrial Order.

¹⁹ Exhibits in Adversaries are to be submitted with the Joint Pretrial Order in accordance with the terms of the Judge's Scheduling Order. In contested matters, exhibits should be submitted to the courtroom deputy prior to the hearing with sufficient time provided to ensure proper identification and handling.

ADVERSARY PROCEEDINGS

I. Scheduling Orders

Once the issues are joined or upon order of the Court, counsel are notified by chambers to meet the requirements of Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(f) within 14 days and are requested to e-mail a Discovery Report to the law clerks to advise the Court of the time necessary for discovery. Scheduling orders are thereafter entered pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 16(b). In its discretion or if requested by the parties, the Court may conduct an initial pretrial or status conference.

II. Modification of Scheduling Orders

If the parties wish to alter a deadline in a scheduling order and it does not require the rescheduling of a hearing before the Court, the request should be made to chambers and should indicate the proposed change and whether all parties agree to the modification. If the proposed amendment would necessitate rescheduling a matter already noticed for hearing, including the final pretrial hearing, or trial, the parties must file a motion seeking an amended scheduling order and indicate the reasons for amendment, whether all parties consent, and the status of discovery efforts. An agreement to modify a deadline or a request to so modify is not effective absent entry of an amended scheduling order by the Court.

III. Consent to Entry of Final Orders and Judgments

Any party objecting to the entry of final orders or judgments by this Court on any issue in the adversary proceeding, whether or not designated as "core" under 28 U.S.C. § 157(b), shall file a motion by the deadline specified in the scheduling order requesting that this Court determine whether the proceeding is subject to the entry of final orders or judgments by this Court. FAILURE OF ANY PARTY TO FILE A MOTION ON OR BEFORE THE DEADLINE PROVIDED IN THE SCHEDULING ORDER SHALL CONSTITUTE CONSENT BY SUCH PARTY TO THIS COURT ENTERING FINAL ORDERS AND JUDGMENTS IN THE PROCEEDING.

IV. Availability of Court During Depositions

Absent advance notification, the Judge is usually not available to address discovery issues arising during a deposition. If parties anticipate the need for the Court's involvement, the issues should be raised in advance by motion or joint request.

V. Continuances

Continuances for hearings scheduled in adversary proceedings, including trial, may be requested **only** by the filing of a motion for continuance along with a calendar removal request. The motion should clearly indicate the reason for the continuance, whether the other parties consent to the continuance, and the time needed before the next hearing. **Hearings and trials in adversary proceedings may not be continued merely through the**

submission of a consent order of continuance or through use of the CM/ECF "Request for Continuance" event.

VI. Settlements

Settlements of adversary proceedings may be reported by filing a consent order, by filing a notice and application for settlement, if required under the Bankruptcy Rules, or through use of the "Notice of Settlement and Request for Removal from Court Hearing Calendar" text event on CM/ECF. **The consent order must clearly indicate whether it resolves all issues in the adversary proceeding in order for the matter to be removed from the calendar**. Counsel are also encouraged to promptly report settlements of adversary proceedings to chambers by e-mail to <u>judgewaites hearings@scb.uscourts.gov</u>. To ensure removal from the calendar or to excuse counsel and parties from attendance, settlements must be reported **no later than two business days before the hearing or trial**.

VII. Joint Pretrial Orders

Pretrial orders, the requirements of which are detailed in prior scheduling orders issued in the proceeding, are to be submitted timely on CM/ECF. The parties need not agree on every matter contained therein in order to submit the order as joint. If there is disagreement on a matter, the joint pretrial order may reflect the disagreement. The original and one copy of all paper exhibits as well as an itemized list of exhibits shall be submitted to the courtroom deputy at the same time as the Joint Pretrial Order.

<u>REQUESTS FOR EMERGENCY RELIEF</u> (Supplement to Local Rule 9075-1)

Motions for Expedited Hearings or for Shortened Notice. Motions for expedited or emergency hearings or to shorten notice are to be filed in accordance with SC LBR 9075-1. Upon the failure to indicate how quickly the matter needs to be heard, the Court will set the matter for a hearing within approximately 20 days from the date of the filing of the motion. Hearings set on less than 10 days notice will require service of motion/pleading and notice of hearing on all parties entitled to notice by expedited means (facsimile, e-mail, overnight mail or hand delivery).

TELEPHONE/VIDEO CONFERENCE PARTICIPATION IN HEARINGS

Requests to Participate by Telephone or Videoconference. The Court will consider written requests by counsel to participate by telephone or videoconference capabilities in hearings or trials in which counsel can demonstrate that travel or attendance creates an unnecessary expense or burden and that opposing counsel is informed of the request and does not object to the appearance by telephone. All such requests must be made in writing to chambers as soon as possible and **no later than two business days before the date of the hearing or trial**. Counsel should indicate in their written request the extent of their participation (e.g., mere listening, argument, questioning of witnesses or presenting evidence). The presentation or viewing of evidence by non attending counsel will require prior coordination with the courtroom deputy. Counsel should not rely on requests for such participation unless and until approved by the Court. Participation by these means may be limited based on the technological capabilities of the Court location.

JUDICIAL LIEN AVOIDANCE

Instructions to Complement Local Rules

Motions to avoid judicial liens should be filed in accordance with the Bankruptcy Code and Rules as well as SC LBR 4003-2 and accompanying exhibits. In chapter 13 cases, motions to avoid judicial liens should be included in the chapter 13 plan.

Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. '522(f)(2)(B), all liens must be examined in the context of all other unavoided and unavoidable liens. All liens should be addressed within one motion, or motions submitted concurrently, clearly indicating the priority of the lien to be avoided and that senior unavoided liens are included in the calculation.

Motions are to be avoided from junior to senior. Begin with the most junior lien and determine whether it is avoidable in its entirety. All senior judicial liens would be included in the calculation. If the senior lien is avoidable, then it is appropriate to proceed to the next junior lien to determine its avoidability. The junior lien just avoided would not be included in the calculation, but all senior judicial liens would be included. If it is not avoidable or only avoidable in part, then all senior liens would be unavoidable and there is no need to do any further calculation.

In reviewing motions to avoid judicial liens, the following factors are examined:

- Whether a judgment constitutes a lien (the debtor owns real property upon which the judgment has attached or whether a judgment has attached to the debtor's personal property).
- Whether the debtor is entitled to claim an exemption on Schedule C for the applicable property and whether the applicable property is listed on Schedule A. (If no exemption is claimed on Schedule C, a hearing is required in order for the debtor to present evidence demonstrating his or her entitlement to the exemption.)
- Whether the numerical amounts provided on the motion are consistent with the Schedules and Statement of Financial Affairs.
- Whether the judgment is listed in Debtor's Schedules and Statement of Financial Affairs.
- Whether the total amount of all other liens on property includes all mortgages and/or senior judicial liens, where applicable (see Exhibits A and C to <u>SC LBR 4003-2</u>).

If it is necessary to file a motion to avoid a judicial lien in a closed case, a motion to reopen the case may not be necessary. Likewise, if it is necessary to amend a schedule in direct relation to a lien avoidance issue, a motion to reopen may not be necessary. Nothing herein should be construed to waive any notice requirements with respect to the motion to avoid judicial lien or amendment of schedules.

EXHIBIT A

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA

IN RE:

C/A No.

Debtor.

(JOINT) STATEMENT OF DISPUTE AND STIPULATION

The undersigned hereby certify that after consultation, the hearing on [type of hearing] originally scheduled for [date and time], after good faith efforts cannot be settled and remains contested so as to require the presentation of evidence and/or argument to the Court for determination. The following information is presented by way of stipulation of the parties:

- 1. <u>Issues to be decided by the Court.</u>
- 2. <u>Position of Party/Parties (state w/ specificity)</u>.
- 3. <u>Names of Witnesses to be called at the hearing</u>.
- 4. <u>Exhibits/Evidence to be presented (state whether admission is stipulated or any grounds for objection)</u>.
- 5. <u>Statutory, Case Law or other Applicable Authority</u>.
- 6. <u>Estimated Length of Hearing</u>.
- 7. <u>Telephone and Facsimile Number, Electronic Mail address of Counsel/Party/Parties.</u>

8. <u>Final Authority.</u> Unless otherwise indicated by a separately filed motion, filed simultaneously herewith, which requests that the Court determine whether this proceeding is subject to the entry of final orders or judgments by this Court, the parties submitting this Joint Statement of Dispute consent to this Court entering final orders and judgments in this proceeding.

(DATED)

(SIGNATURE)

(DATED)

(SIGNATURE)

EXHIBIT B

LIST OF MATTERS FOR SCHEDULING IN CHAPTER 13 CASES (JUDGE WAITES CASES ONLY)

Consent Calendar		
Confirmation Hearings	Application for Fees/Compensation*	
Objections to Amended Plan (after confirmation	Motions to Withdraw as Attorney	
hearing)	Application for Administrative Expense*	
Motions to Value*		
Motions to Assume or Reject*	Motions to Approve Settlement*	
Motions to Avoid Judicial Lien*		
Motions for Moratorium*	Objection to Exemptions (if by Trustee, passive*)	
	Motions to Value Tax Claim & Establish Priority	
Motions to Change Venue*	First Motion to Extend Time to Object to Discharge o	
Motions to Divide Case or for Joint Administration*	Dischargeability of Debt*	
Motion for Exemption or Waiver from Credit		
Counseling or Financial Management Course*	Request for Chapter 13 Discharge (BAPCPA) pursuant to SC LBR 3015-5(a)*	
Motions to Obtain Credit*	Trustee's Motion to Dismiss or Convert *	
Motions to Sell, Use, or Lease Property or to Prohibit or Condition the Use, Sale or Lease of Property*	Motions to Reconsider Dismissal or Reopen	
Motions to use Cash Collateral*		
Trustee's Application to Abandon Property		
Motions to Substitute Collateral/Use Insurance		
Proceeds*		

Dispute Calendar

Claims Objections*

Requests to Convert or Dismiss Case by Creditor or Other Non-Trustee Party Motion for Hardship Discharge and Notice/ Request pursuant to SC LBR 3015-5(b) Motion to Allow Continued Administration of Case After Death and/or Designate Person to Act for Debtor Motion to Convert/Dismiss by Debtor (previous conversion) Motions to Employ Nunc Pro Tunc

"CATCH ALL" - motions not otherwise listed on the consent calendar.

§ 362 Calendar

Motions for Relief from the Automatic Stay or Agreements related thereto*** Co-debtor Stay Motions*** Motions to Extend/Impose the Automatic Stay*** Motions to Reconsider Relief from Stay Matters arising under Rule 3002.1*

*Indicates motions on passive notice/self-scheduled list, which are set by counsel.

**The scheduling of motions for relief from or to extend/impose the automatic stay shall be governed by SC LBR 4001-1 and, where applicable, the § 362 calendar published on the Court's web page. Co-debtor stay relief motions should also be scheduled on the dates and times provided for other types of stay relief motions on the § 362 calendar.

EXHIBIT C

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA

IN RE:

[Debtor Name],

C/A No. _____

Chapter 13

ORDER GRANTING RELIEF FROM

Debtor(s).

AUTOMATIC STAY This matter comes before the Court pursuant to the motion of _____ ("Movant"),

which seeks relief from the automatic stay in this case. According to the affidavit of Movant, no objection to the requested relief was filed by Debtor(s) or the Trustee, or any objections filed were subsequently withdrawn. It appearing that the motion should be granted, it is therefore

ORDERED that relief from the automatic stay is granted as to the property described as (insert brief description), and that Movant may proceed with its state court remedies against the property, including sending any required notice to Debtor(s). The Movant has agreed to waive any claim arising under 11 U.S.C. § 503(b) or § 507(b) as a result of this Order, and has further agreed that any funds realized in excess of all liens, costs, and expenses will be paid to the Trustee:

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that:

- Based upon Debtor(s)' failure to object to Movant's request regarding the Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4001(a)(3) stay, this order is effective immediately.
- Pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4001(a)(3), this order is stayed until the expiration of 14 days after its entry.

AND IT IS SO ORDERED.

EXHIBIT D

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA

IN RE:

C/A No. _____

[Debtor Name],

Chapter 13

Debtor(s).

SETTLEMENT ORDER ON MOTION FOR RELIEF FROM AUTOMATIC STAY

This matter comes before the Court on the motion for relief from the automatic stay filed by ("Movant"). The Chapter 13 Trustee did not object to the motion or has agreed to the settlement. The property which is the subject of the motion is described as follows:

[Property Description]

Upon the agreement of the parties, it is hereby ORDERED:

According to the certifications of facts, the value/equity in the subject property above the movant's lien is \$_____.¹

As of ______, Debtor has accrued a post petition arrearage in the amount of \$_____. The post petition arrearage consists of:

Payments for the month(s) of ______ in the amount of \$_____ per month.

Late charges in the amount of \$ _____.

Attorney's fees and costs in the amount of \$_____

Other costs (specify below) in the amount of \$_____.

Debtor shall continue to remit to Movant the regular post petition monthly payments beginning ______, 20____, and continuing thereafter in accordance with the terms of the loan agreement and the chapter 13 plan.

In addition to the regular post petition monthly payments set forth above, Debtor shall cure the post petition arrearage of \$ ______ as follows:

Pay initial payment of \$_____ by _____, 20___.

¹ The amount of equity stated should be the total equity or value above the movant's lien in the Property without regard to any claimed exemptions or junior liens. If the value/equity exceeds \$5,000.00, Exhibit F should be used.

Pay \$_____ per month beginning ______, 20___ for ___ months.

Pay final payment of \$______ by ______, 20____.

Failure to make a payment within 20 days from its due date shall be considered a default under the terms of this settlement order.

Payments shall be paid directly to Movant at:

[Address for Payment]

In the event of a default under the terms of this Order, relief from stay may be provided without further hearing upon the filing of an affidavit of default by Movant and the entry of the proposed order by the Court. Movant may then proceed with its state court remedies against the property, including sending any required notice to Debtor(s). This *ex parte* relief provision of this Order shall expire and no longer be effective 12 months from the expiration of the cure period set forth above.

Movant agrees to waive any claim arising under 11 U.S.C. § 503(b) or § 507(b) as a result of this Order. In the event relief from the automatic stay is granted due to Debtor's default under the terms of this Settlement Order, Movant agrees that any funds received in excess of all liens, costs, and expenses will be paid to the Trustee.

The parties agree that the Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4001(a)(3) stay:

 is applicable to any order granting relief for default on this settlement order.
is not applicable to any order granting relief for default on this Settlement Order.

<u>NON-STANDARD LANGUAGE</u> (Hearing May Be Required for Approval)

AND IT IS SO ORDERED.

WE SO MOVE AND CONSENT:

/s/ Attorney for Movant	
Attorney for Movant	
District Court I.D.	

/s/ Attorney for Debtor Attorney for Debtor District Court I.D. _____

CERTIFICATION:

Prior to consenting to this settlement order, the payment obligations set forth in this Order, including the amounts, method, and timing of payments, and consequences of default were reviewed with and agreed to by the Debtor or the party obligated to pay.

/s/ Attorney for Debtor Attorney for Debtor District Court I.D. ____

EXHIBIT E

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA

IN RE:

C/A No. _____

Chapter _____

Debtor(s).

ORDER GRANTING RELIEF FROM STAY BASED UPON FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH SETTLEMENT ORDER

This matter comes before the Court upon the Affidavit of Default filed by ______ ("Movant"), which indicates that Debtor(s) have failed to comply with the terms of the Settlement Order entered on ______, by failing to make the payment(s) due on _______ in accordance with the Settlement Order. Therefore, it is

ORDERED that relief from the automatic stay is granted as to the property described as [insert brief description], and that Movant may proceed with its state court remedies against the property, including sending any required notice to Debtor(s). The Movant has agreed to waive any claim arising under 11 U.S.C. § 503(b) or § 507(b) as a result of this Order, and has further agreed that any funds realized in excess of all liens, costs, and expenses will be paid to the Trustee.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that:

Based upon Debtor(s)' prior agreement to Movant's request regarding the Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4001(a)(3) stay, this order is effective immediately.

Pursuant to Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4001(a)(3), this order is stayed until the expiration of 14 days after its entry).

AND IT IS SO ORDERED.

EXHIBIT F

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA

IN RE:

[Debtor Name],

C/A No. _____

Chapter 13

Debtor(s).

SETTLEMENT ORDER ON MOTION FOR RELIEF FROM AUTOMATIC STAY (Value/Equity Exists Above Movant's Lien)¹

This matter comes before the Court on the motion for relief from the automatic stay filed by _________ ("Movant"). The Chapter 13 Trustee did not object to the motion or has agreed to the settlement. The property which is the subject of the motion is described as follows:

[Property Description]

Upon the agreement of the parties, it is hereby ORDERED:

According to the certifications of facts, the value/equity in the subject property above the movant's lien is \$_____.²

Debtor shall continue to remit to Movant the regular post petition monthly payments beginning ______, 20____, and continuing thereafter in accordance with the terms of the loan agreement and the chapter 13 plan.

¹ This form is to be used if the value/equity above the movant's lien in the property exceeds \$5,000.00.

 $^{^{2}}$ The amount of equity stated should be the total equity or value above the movant's lien in the property without regard to any claimed exemptions or junior liens.

In addition to the regular post petition monthly payments set forth above, Debtor shall cure the post petition arrearage of \$ ______ as follows:

Pay initial payment of \$______ by ______, 20____.
Pay \$______ per month beginning ______, 20____ for ____ months.
Pay final payment of \$______ by ______, 20____.

Failure to make a payment within 20 days from its due date shall be considered a default under the terms of this settlement order.

Payments shall be paid directly to Movant at:

[Address for Payment]

In the event of a default under the terms of this Order, Movant may file an affidavit of default and request for further hearing, and a hearing will be scheduled to determine whether relief from stay is warranted.

Movant agrees to waive any claim arising under 11 U.S.C. § 503(b) or § 507(b) as a result of this Order. In the event relief from the automatic stay is granted due to Debtor's default under the terms of this Settlement Order, Movant agrees that any funds received in excess of all liens, costs, and expenses will be paid to the Trustee.

The parties agree that the Fed. R. Bankr. P. 4001(a)(3) stay:

is applicable to any order granting relief for default on this settlement order. is not applicable to any order granting relief for default on this Settlement Order.

<u>NON-STANDARD LANGUAGE</u> (Hearing May Be Required for Approval)

AND IT IS SO ORDERED.

WE SO MOVE AND CONSENT:

/s/ Attorney for Movant Attorney for Movant District Court I.D. _____ /s/ Attorney for Debtor

Attorney for Debtor District Court I.D.

CERTIFICATION:

Prior to consenting to this settlement order, the payment obligations set forth in this Order, including the amounts, method, and timing of payments, and consequences of default were reviewed with and agreed to by the Debtor(s) or the party obligated to pay.

/s/ Attorney for Debtor Attorney for Debtor District Court I.D. _____

EXHIBIT G

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA

IN RE:

C/A No. _____

[Debtor Name],

Chapter ____

Debtor(s). CONSENT ORDER GRANTING RELIEF FROM STAY TO CONTINUE OR PURSUE ACTION IN FAMILY COURT

Divorce
Child Support
Alimony
Equitable Distribution of Marital Property & Debts
Other

The parties consent to relief from the automatic stay. It is therefore,

ORDERED that relief from the automatic stay is granted to allow the Family Court to adjudicate the above-referenced actions and to accord such other relief as is appropriate under state law. However, additional relief from stay is necessary for the enforcement of a marital obligation against property of the estate or to hold the Debtor in civil contempt. Notwithstanding any determination by the Family Court, property of the estate may be subject to further order of this Court.

AND IT IS SO ORDERED.

WE SO MOVE AND CONSENT:

/s/ Attorney for Movant Attorney for Movant District Court I.D. _____

/s/ Attorney for Debtor Attorney for Debtor District Court I.D. _____

/s/Chapter 13 Trustee Chapter 13 Trustee

<u>EXHIBIT H</u>

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA

IN RE:

[Debtor Name],

Chapter _____

Debtor(s).

NOTICE AND MOTION FOR LOSS MITIGATION MEDIATION PURSUANT TO JUDGE WAITES' CHAMBERS GUIDELINES

To: ______ ("Home Mortgage Creditor") and Parties in Interest

The Debtor, through counsel, hereby moves the Court for an Order Requiring Loss Mitigation Mediation with respect to the following property:

[Identify the Property] [Loan Number] [Home Mortgage Creditor's Name and Address]

The Debtor requests an order directing the parties to participate in the Loss Mitigation Mediation Program as set forth in Judge Waites' Chambers Guidelines and requiring the parties to use the mortgage modification portal operated by Default Mitigation Management, LLC while participating in Program.

Prior to filing this Motion, Debtor's Counsel completed the Debtor's Prepared Package and collected all of the required supporting documentation as required by the Document Preparation Software and is prepared to submit the supporting documentation along with the modification forms to the Portal.

Prior to filing this Motion, Debtor's Counsel has also determined that:

- ☐ The Home Mortgage Creditor is registered with the approved loss mitigation portal. Debtor's Counsel will upload to the Portal Debtor's Prepared Package together with any additional forms or documents which the Home Mortgage Creditor may post on the Portal within 7 days after entry of the Order.
- ☐ The Home Mortgage Creditor is not registered. The Debtor requests that the Court require Home Mortgage Creditor to register with the Portal within 7 days after entry of the Order. Debtor's Counsel will upload to the Portal Debtor's Prepared Package together with any additional forms or documents which the Home Mortgage Creditor may post on the Portal within 7 days after the Home Mortgage Creditor has registered.

TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that any response, return and/or objection to this Motion should be filed with the Court no later than 14 days from service of the Motion and a copy simultaneously served on all parties in interest.

TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that no hearing will be held on this Motion, except as required by the judge, unless a response, return and/or objection is timely filed and served, in which case, the Court will conduct a hearing on ______, ____ at _____ a.m./p.m. at ______, _____, South Carolina. No further notice of this hearing will be given.

Attorney Name & Fed. ID # Address Email

<u>EXHIBIT I</u>

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA

IN RE:

[Debtor Name],

C/A No. _____

Chapter ____ ORDER REQUIRING LOSS MITIGATION/MEDIATION

Debtor(s).

A Motion for Loss Mitigation/Mediation was filed by [Debtor Name] ("Debtor") on [*Date*] ______, 2014 and the parties have had notice and an opportunity to object. It appearing that no objections were filed or that any objections filed have been withdrawn or otherwise resolved, it is hereby

ORDERED that the Debtor and _____("Home Mortgage Creditor") [and additional parties, if any] are directed to participate in the Loss Mitigation/Mediation Program; it is further

ORDERED that the Debtor, the Home Mortgage Creditor, and any participating coborrower or obligor shall comply with the Loss Mitigation/Mediation Procedures set forth in Judge Waites' Chambers Guidelines (available at www.scb.uscourts.gov/ChambersJW.htm) and engage in the Loss Mitigation/Mediation process in good faith, and that failure to do so may result in the scheduling of a hearing to consider sanctions or other relief; and it is further

ORDERED that the Debtor and the Home Mortgage Creditor shall observe the following deadlines:

- (1) Debtor's Counsel shall timely serve this Order on the applicable parties.
- (2) If not previously registered, the Home Mortgage Creditor and its designated counsel shall, within seven (7) days, register for the Portal³ and ensure that it has provided to the approved Portal provider all application forms and documentation requirements necessary for consideration of Loss Mitigation, including mortgage modification.
- (3) The Debtor shall upload the prepared mortgage modification package described in Chambers Guidelines to the Portal within the later of fourteen (14) days after the entry of this Order or 7 days after the Home Mortgage Creditor registers to the Portal.
- (4) Once the Order has issued, all communication between the parties regarding the loss mitigation review should be sent through the Portal.
- (5) Within seven (7) days after Debtor's submission to the Home Mortgage Creditor on the portal, the Home Mortgage Creditor shall take the following actions on the Portal:
 - a. acknowledge receipt of the Debtor's package;
 - b. give the Debtor notice of any additional or updated documentation necessary for consideration of Loss Mitigation, including mortgage modification;

3

The Portal is available at <u>https://www.dclmwp.com</u>.

- c. assign its designated counsel to the account on the Portal; and
- d. provide the name, address and direct telephone number of the person responsible for the review on the Portal.
- (6) A mortgage modification or other form of loss mitigation shall be agreed to or denied within 180 days of the entry of this Order unless extended by this Court.
- (7) Other requirements set forth in Chambers Guidelines are incorporated herein and shall be effective.

It is further **ORDERED** that the parties must submit any settlement to the Court in the form of a proposed Consent Order Allowing Mortgage Loan Modification specifying all relevant terms. Loss Mitigation, including modification of the mortgage loan, may not be conditioned upon dismissal of the bankruptcy case, unless allowed by the Court after an actual hearing; and it is further

ORDERED that, absent entry of a Consent Order Allowing Mortgage Loan Modification, a final report must be submitted within thirty (30) days of the expiration of the Loss Mitigation efforts and no later than 180 days after the entry of this Order.

AND IT IS SO ORDERED.

EXHIBIT J

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA

IN RE:	C/A No				
[Debtor Name], Debtor(s).	Chapter MORTGAGE LOAN MODIFICATION REPORT				
Name of Home Mortgage Creditor:					
Last Four Digits of Account Number of Loan:					
Date of Entry of Order Requiring Loss Mitigation/Mediation: Date of Entry of Consent Order Allowing Mortgage Loan Modification (<i>if any</i>):					
State the status of the parties' efforts to negotiate mortgage loan modification/loss mitigation (please check the appropriate box below):					
□ Loan modification.	□ Short sale.				
□ Loan refinance.	□ Surrender of property.				
□ Forbearance.	□ No agreement has been reached.				
Other:					

If the parties' efforts have been successful, state or attach a short summary of the specific benefits received as a result of Loss Mitigation or mortgage modification, including deferral or forgiveness of arrearage/debt or change in interest rate, term, and/or payment amount.

Dated: Signature: _____